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(MMC) in the endoscopic treatment of laryngotracheal stenosis (LTS)?

The use of mitomycin-C MMC as a topical adjuvant therapy has no additional benefit in

the endoscopic surgical management of laryngotracheal stenosis LTS. Further prospective studies with larger sample size are needed.



adjuvant therapy in the surgical treatment for laryngotracheal stenosis

(LTS). Most of the published clinical studies of topical MMC in LTS have been retrospective case series or cohort studies and report positive outcomes, supporting the use of MMC as an adjuvant treatment. However, the efficacy of MMC has not been examined in a prospective, randomized clinical trial in humans.

STUDY DESIGN

controlled clinical trial.

Study design Prospective, randomized, double-blind, placebo-

Primary outcome

1) Surgical interval Secondary Outcome(s)

1) Pulmonary function test (Peak inspiratory Flow



-PIF) Clinical COPD Questionnaire (CCQ) scores

Intervention(s) Endoscopic surgical treatment with topical

based on relapse of stenosis on exam as well as

application of MMC or with topical saline. Subsequent surgery was performed as needed

symptom severity

POPULATION

endoscopic CO2 laser radial incision and balloon dilation.

Exclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria

Pregnant women, Patients with glottic, supraglottic, cartilage involvement. **Baseline characteristics**

Age greater than 18 years and laryngotracheal stenosis (Idiopathic,

treatment with MMC or Kenalog. Eleven out of the fifteen subjects had idiopathic LTS, three patients had granulomatosis with polyangiitis

with LTS and only one patient had postintubation LTS. Given the recent focus on idiopathic LTS as an inflammatory disorder, fourteen out of the fifteen subjects in this study could be considered as having an inflammatory etiology with only one postintubation LTS patient. Three subjects did not have complete 24-month follow-up. One patient in the MMC group withdrew after 9 months and two surgeries. **OUTCOMES** Primary outcome 1. Surgical interval - There were six surgeries in the

surgery the average interval for each patient was 17.9 months in the placebo group and 17.4 months in the MMC group (P = .95).

Secondary outcomes

Adverse events - None

1. Pulmonary function test (Peak inspiratory Flow PIF) - There was no difference in magnitude of peak inspiratory Flow (PIF) improvement between groups. The average magnitude of PIF change was 1.3 L/s and 1.1 L/s for the placebo and MMC groups, respectively (P = .64). 2. Clinical COPD Questionnaire (CCQ) scores - The average magnitude of symptom improvement was 2.4 and 2.2 for the placebo and MMC groups, respectively (P = .73). The percent improvement in CCQ score was 73% in the placebo group and 69% in the MMC group (P = .53).

placebo group and two surgeries in the MMC

calculated. Only a total of seven patients (4 in

underwent a subsequent surgery. Among the seven patient who underwent a subsequent

therefore, a surgical interval could not be

MMC group and 3 in the placebo group)

group that did not have a subsequent surgery, and

- Kenolog usage during the interventions is a confounding factor making the actual effect of placebo and topical mitomycin-C (MMC) 2. Low statistical power (because of low sample size) = 15 3. Of the total fifteen patients, nine were randomized to the placebo group, with the remaining six subjects enrolled in the MMC group. Of these patients six in the placebo group and two in the MMC group that did not have a subsequent surgery, and therefore, a surgical interval could not be calculated. Only a total of seven patients (4 in MMC group
- endoscopic surgical treatment for LTS including topical MMC prior to study enrollment, but were then randomized to the placebo group. This
- placebo are needed. **FUNDING**
- None

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SUGGESTED READING

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ARTICLE CITATION

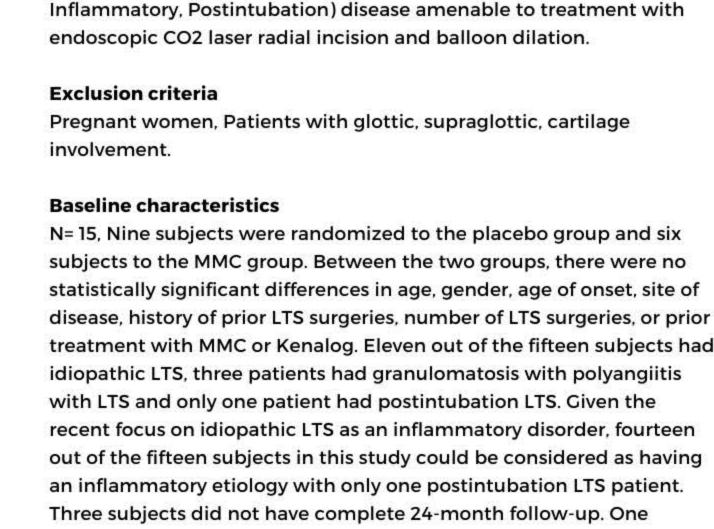
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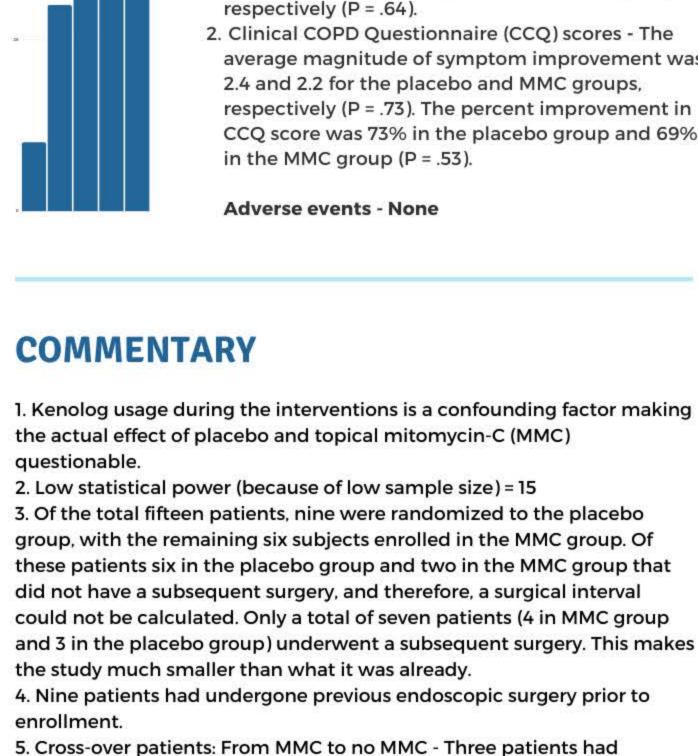
endoscopic surgery for laryngotracheal stenosis.

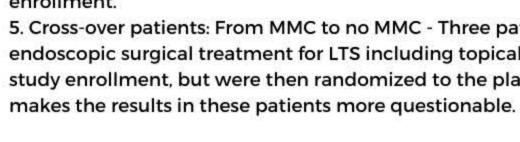
controlled trial of adjuvant mitomycin-C in

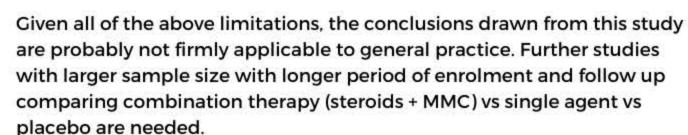
THE CLINICAL QUESTION What is the Efficacy of topical mitomycin-C TAKE HOME MESSAGE















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